

POST TEST, EVALUATION, AND CREDIT APPLICATION FORM

Role of Stewardship in Managing Invasive Fungal Infections: Are We There Yet? VODCAST

Release Date: June 13, 2011 Credit Expiration Date: July 10, 2012 Center Serial # CV3127

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CREDIT

- 1. Review the entire CPE information including target audience, learning objectives, and disclosures.
- 2. Review all five episodes in their entirety.
- 3. Complete this Post Test, Evaluation, and Credit Application Form. Please note that to receive credit you must have a score of at least 70%.
- 4. Mail to Vemco MedEd, 245 US Highway 22, Suite 304, Bridgewater, NJ 08807 or Fax to (908) 450-3300

Please note: If you have received credit for attending the live symposium by the same name, you are not eligible to apply for credit for this online version.

Statement of Credit will be mailed within 4 weeks of receipt of this completed form.

POST TEST (Please select the most appropriate answer)							
1. Which azole lacks activity against Aspergillus?							
☐ Fluconazole ☐ Itraconazole ☐ Voriconazole ☐ Posaconazole							
2. Which of the following are risk factors for invasive fungal infection?							
☐ Prolonged neutropenia ☐ Transplantation ☐ Mechanical ventilation ☐ All of the above							
3. According to the Mycoses Study Group clinical prediction rule, which of the following is NOT a factor for predicting invasive candidiasis?							
☐ Use of antibiotics ☐ Presence of central venous catheter ☐ Antifungal prophylaxis ☐ Mechanical ventilation							
4. β-D-glucan assay does not detect							
□ Candida albicans □ Aspergillus flavus □ Cryptococcus neoformans □ Pneumocystis jiroveci							
5. Due to its non-linear pharmacokinetics, therapeutic drug monitoring is useful when dosing which antifungal agent?							
☐ Fluconazole ☐ Amphotericin B deoxycholate ☐ Voriconazole ☐ Micafungin							
6. Signs and symptoms of invasive fungal infections are nonspecific.							
□ True □ False							
7. PNA FISH TM allows differentiation among species of							
□ Candida □ Aspergillus □ Zygomycetes □ Fusarium							
8. Delaying empiric antifungal treatment can significantly increase mortality rates due to candidemia.							
□ True □ False							
9. Antifungal therapy initiated after a confirmed diagnosis is called:							
□ Prophylactic □ Pre-emptive □ Empiric □ Definitive							
10. Adhering to the IDSA candidiasis guideline recommendations can lead to a lower mortality rate.							
□ True □ False							

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LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Please rate if the Learning Objectives were met	1 Strongly Disagree		2	3	4	5 Strongly Agree		
Evaluate patient risk factors to guide antifungal prophylactic use and selection								
Utilize results from diagnostic techniques to guide early antifungal selection								
Incorporate antifungal stewardship principles in the hospital setting								
If you answered 'Disagree' to any objective, please expla	in.							
FACULTY: Please rate faculty teaching ability and subject expertise	d	1 Poor	2	3	4	5 Excellent		
James S. Lewis, PharmD								
Russell E. Lewis, PharmD								
Pranatharthi H. Chandrasekar, MD								
Debra A. Goff, PharmD								
OVERALL EVALUATION		1 Stron Disag	~ ·	3	4	5 Strongly Agree		
The content was relevant to my practice and educational r	needs.							
The activity was fair, balanced, and without commercial bias.								
I intend to make changes based on participating in this activity.								
If you answered 'Disagree' to any of the above, please ex	plain.	•	•	•				
Do you have (1) any suggestions for improving the activity or (2) any additional comments?								
CREDIT APPLICATION (Please Print Clearly)								
Name and Degree								
Address								
City				ZIP				
E-mail address		Pho	one					
Type of Credit requested: □ ACPE □ Other								
I certify that I reviewed all five episodes of <i>Role of Ster</i> There Yet? and claim a total of credits (max				sive Fungal I	nfections: Ar	e We		
	ignature Date							